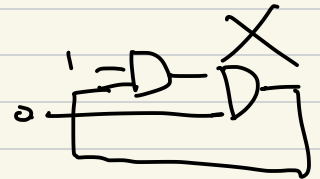
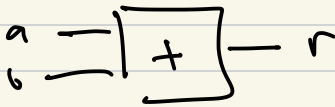
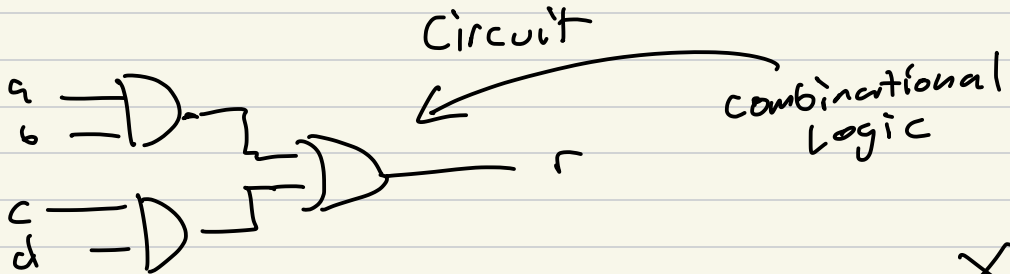
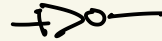
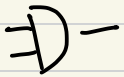


CS 315-01 Combinational Logic

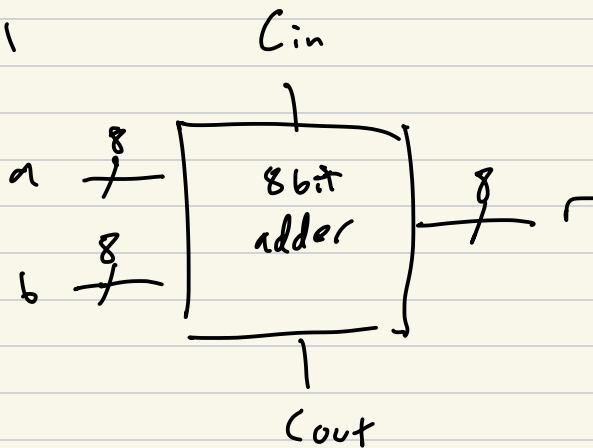
AND

OR

NOT



Goal



sum-of-products

Function:

Input: Take a 3 bit number (3 bits)
 $n_2 n_1 n_0$

Output: Two 1 bit outputs: even, odd

Goal: determine if the number of
"1" bits is even or odd

010 $\rightarrow$ odd
110 $\rightarrow$ even

$\rightarrow$ sum-of-products

1) truth table

2) identify rows
with output '1'

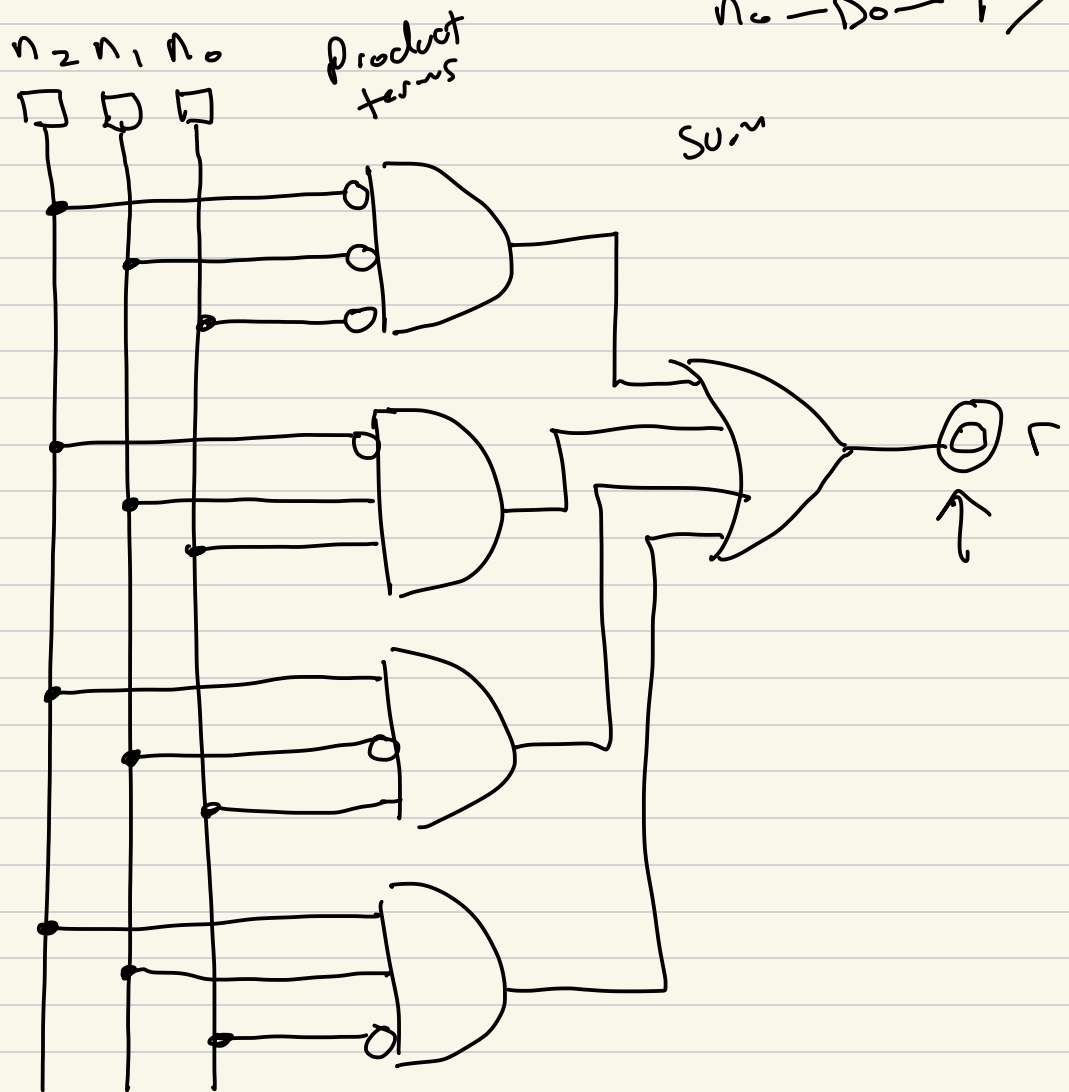
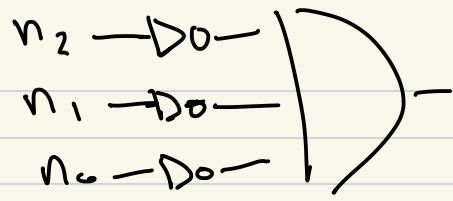
3) build equation

	n_2	n_1	n_0	even	odd
✓	0	0	0	1	0
	0	0	1	0	1
	0	1	0	0	1
✓	0	1	1	1	0
	1	0	0	0	1
✓	1	0	1	1	0
✓	1	1	0	1	0
	1	1	1	0	1

product

$$\begin{aligned} \text{even} = & (\bar{n}_2 \cdot \bar{n}_1 \cdot \bar{n}_0) + (\bar{n}_2 \cdot n_1 \cdot n_0) \\ & + (n_2 \cdot \bar{n}_1 \cdot n_0) + \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{sum}}}{(n_2 \cdot n_1 \cdot \bar{n}_0)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{odd} = \overline{\text{even}}$$



Lab 08 Part 2

max2 Find the max 2-bit value

$$a = 01$$

$$b = 10$$

$$\text{max2}(a, b) = b$$

$$(01, 10) = \boxed{10} \leftarrow$$

$a, a_1 a_0$		$b, b_1 b_0$	$r, r_1 r_0$	
0	1	<u>1 0</u>	1	0
	.		.	.
	.		.	.
	.		.	.
	.		.	.
	.		.	.
	.		.	.
	.		.	.
	.		.	.
	.		.	.

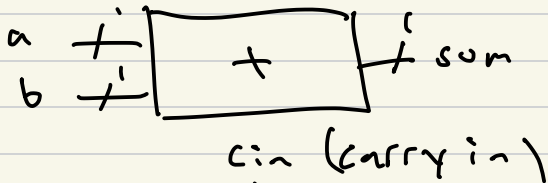
sum of ones

$r_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

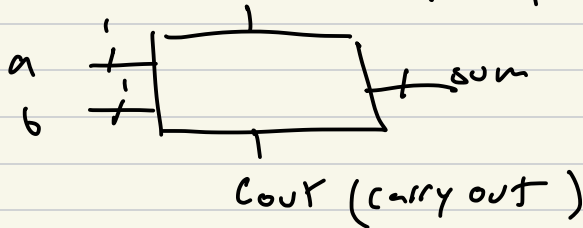
$r_0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Goal: Implement an 8-bit adder

1-bit adder

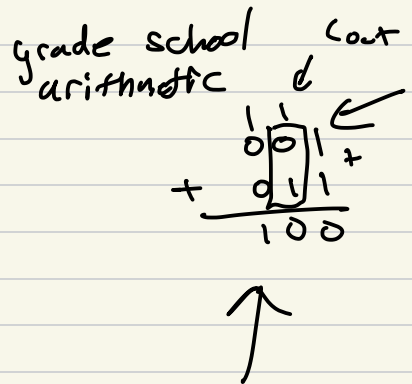


1-bit half adder



1-bit full adder

a	b	cin	sum	cout
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1



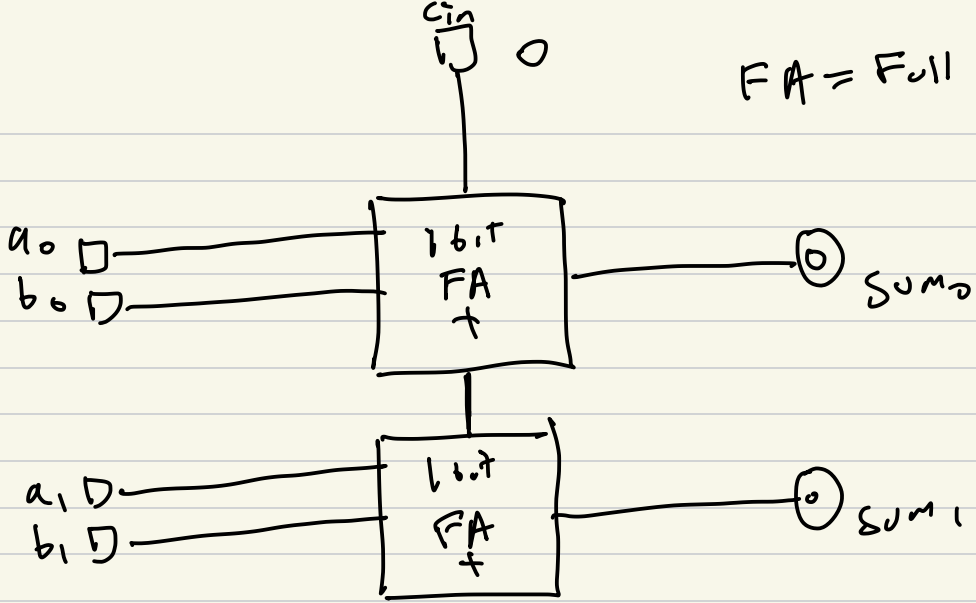
could . . .

c_{in}	a_7	a_6	a_5	a_4	a_3	a_2	a_1	a_0	b_7	b_6	b_5	b_4	b_3	b_2	b_1	b_0	cout
																	sum_7 .. sum_0

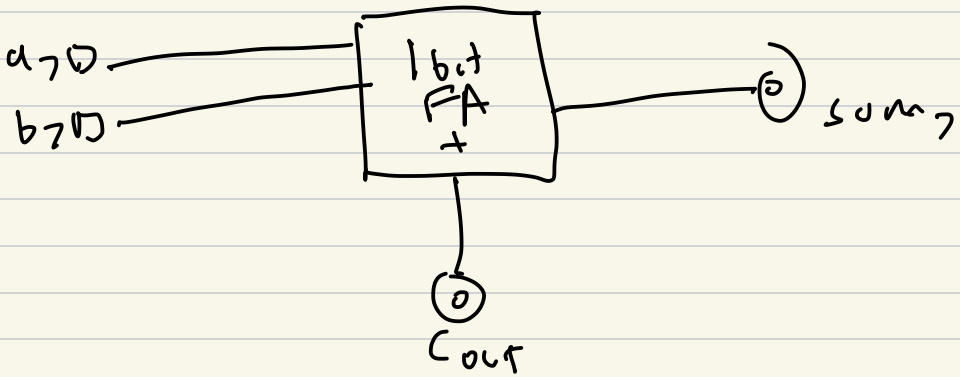
2^{17} rows

Combine 8, 1-bit full adders
to build an 8 bit ripple-carry adder

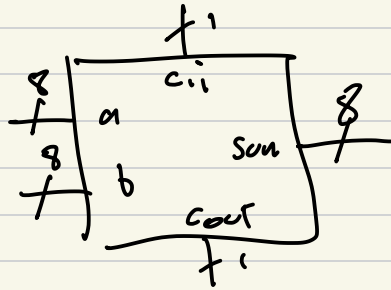
FA = Full Adder



⋮



8 bit Full adder



Splitte
m-rgel

